

**OPERATING MANUAL** SMOKE SENSOR FGSS-001-EN-A-v1.01

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor is a universal, optical Z-Wave smoke sensor. The device can be hard wired (12 or 24 VDC) or battery operated (battery life 3 years\*). Smoke detection is signaled through siren and LED diode blinking. Additionally, the smoke sensor signal can be sent to an alarm system or fire alarm system hub, through a NC (normally closed) contact terminals

The optical sensor detects smoke at an early stage of fire, often before flames appear and temperature starts to rise significantly. Moreover the device has a built-in temperature sensor, which can also trigger the alarm once the specified temperature threshold is exceeded

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor is designed to be placed on a wall or ceiling. LED indicator signals fire, operating mode and used to see if device is within the Z-Wave network. The smoke sensor is designed to operate in confined spaces, under normal conditions (lacking smoke, dust, condensed water vapor).

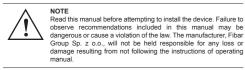
\* Depending on the parameters settings

#### SPECIFICATIONS

Power Supply:	12 - 24 VDC
Battery Type:	CR123A
Power Consumption (at VDC operation):	0,4W
Output terminals maximum current carrying capacity (SMOKE NC, TAMP NC):	25mA
Maximum voltage at output terminals (SMOKE NC, TAMP NC):	24V (AC or DC)
EU standards compliance:	EMC 2004/108/EC R&TTE 1999/5/WE
Radio protocol:	Z - Wave
Radio frequency:	868,4 MHz EU; 908,4 MHz US; 921,4 MHz ANZ; 869,2 MHz RU;
Range:	up to 50m outdoors up to 30m indoors (depending on terrain and building structure)
Operational Temperature:	0 - 40°C
Measured Temperature Range:	-20 to 100°C
Temperature Measuring Accuracy:	0,5°C (within 0°C - 40°C range)
Dimensions (Diameter x Height):	65 x 28 mm
5,000	

#### **TECHNICAL INFORMATION**

- · Compatible with any Z-Wave Controller.
- · May be connected to any alarm or fire prevention system by hard wiring NC output
- Extremely easy installation simply install it in location prone to fire
- Battery or VDC powered.
- · Built-in tamper switch.
- Alarm is signaled by sound and LED diode.
- Fire detection through air temperature measuring.
  Can trigger alarm just by exceeding temperature threshold.
- 3 levels of sensors sensitivity. Automatic efficiency test performed every 5 seconds.
- · Built-in "black box" allows the device to report and record smoke and temperature readouts.



#### INSTALLATION NOTES:

1) When choosing location of smoke sensor, make sure the alarm sound can be easily audible in other rooms in the building.

2) It's recommended to install the sensor in already decorated, painted rooms It's recommended to install the sensor at least 1.5m from air conditioners 4) Do not install the sensor in insolated places. Keep at least 0,5m distance from light sources.

- 5) Do not install the sensor in places prone to draughts.
- 6) Do not install the sensor in places with high water vapor condensation, e.g. above stoves, ovens, kettles, etc.

#### DICTIONARY:

INCLUSION (Adding) - a device sends "Node Info" frame, to enable user to add it to Fibaro system (Home Center). To send Node Info frame and put device in permanent listening mode press B button 3 times. After sending Node Info frame device waits 5 seconds for 7-Wave frames • EXCLUSION (Removing) - removing a device from the Fibaro radio system. ASSOCIATION - controlling other devices of Fibaro system MultiChannelAssociation - controlling other multichannel devices of Fibaro system.

#### **IV. POWERING MODES**

There are two powering modes for the Fibaro Smoke Sensor. By default it's powered by a factory included battery. Alternatively it can work with a constant current, after connecting a 12 / 24 VDC power source to +12/24 and GND terminals (see diagram #3). Powering mode configuration is carried out automatically, while sensor is being included into the Z-Wave network. When battery powered, a Fibaro Smoke Sensor communicates with the Z-Wave network main controller periodically. Smoke detection is sent immediately. Configuration parameters and association settings are sent periodically at specified wake up intervals, or at a manual wake up (triple click B-button). In DC powering mode configuration and association parameters are sent when necessary, and additionally the smoke sensor serves as a Z-Wave signal repeater. Switching to a constant current powering mode:

1) Exclude a sensor from the Z-Wave network.

2) Disconnect the battery,

NOTE

V. SMOKE DETECTION

3) Install the constant power connecting terminal, observing the diagram #3. 4) Connect the constant current power to the power terminal (12 / 24 VDC) to +12 and GND terminals observing wiring diagram #3. 5) Include Fibaro Smoke Sensor into the Z-Wave network

Fibaro Smoke Sensor's battery life is approximately 3 years when

on optimum settings. The current battery level is displayed in the

needs replacement. In order to avoid triggering tamper alarm while

replacing the battery, 2-nd association group's associations must be deleted, and Sensor's parameters' configuration set to default.

In addition, the device itself, apart from the main controller, monitors the battery level and a low battery is signaled with a

yellow blinking LED and an intermittent sound alarm (interval set in parameter 87). The Fibaro Smoke Sensor can signal a low

1. It's not possible to power the device from a battery and VDC

power source simultaneously. When using a VDC power souce it's

recommended to use another kind of power back up.

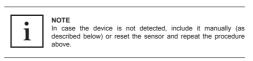
2. Home Center 2 checks the battery level once a day

Fibaro Smoke Sensor responds to the physical presence of smoke. Smoke

battery level for approximately 30 days

Home Center 2 interface Red hattery icon means that hattery

#### BATTERY TIPS



In order to turn off the auto inclusion function, press the B-button once after the power source has been connected to the Fibaro Smoke Sensor

Manual Fibaro Smoke Sensor inclusion 1) Connect the power source to the Fibaro Smoke Detctor and/or install the battery Make sure the device is located within direct range of the Z-Wave controller. 2) Set the main controller into the learn mode (see main controller's operating manual) 3) Quickly, triple click the B-button, located on Fibaro Smoke Sensor's enclosure. 4) Fibaro Smoke Sensor will be detected and included in the Z-Wave network.

#### II. EXCLUDING FIBARO SMOKE SENSOR FROM THE Z-WAVE NETWORK

1) Make sure the sensor is connected to power source (battery and/or hard wired). 2) Set the main controller into the learn mode (see main controller's operating

3) Quickly, triple click the B-button, located on Fibaro Smoke Sensor's enclosure.

#### **III. SENSOR INSTALLATION**

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nowering mode) or

controller

hard wired or battery powered).

2) Set the main controller into the learning mode

(see main controller's operating manual).

triggering smoke detection

property protection.

I. Z-WAVE NETWORK INCLUSION

Work within local code height requirements for installation of the

Fibaro Smoke Sensor. Take special precautions during installation

and use tools and equipment in perfect working order. It's

Maintenance inspections should be performed regularly, by a trained staff member. Fibar Group Sp. z o.o. recommends the

functional and visual checks to be performed at least once a

month. Functional check, includes self test (described below) and

When handled carelessly or used in non-specified environment

conditions, the device may not function properly. It's highly

recommended to take all safety precautions to ensure safety and

Depending on the Smoke Sensors internal conditions (e.g. battery

discharge, device failure, etc.) and installation conditions, this

device may not be 100% accurate. This device can significanly

increase the probability of fire detection. Smoke Sensors must be

tested regularly according to this operating manual and local code.

Ventilation systems, chimneys and potentially dangerous devices

that can cause a fire should be regularly inspected as well.

There are two ways to include a Fibaro Smoke Sensor into the Z-Waye network:

Including a Fibaro Smoke Sensor into the Z-Wave network in auto inclusion mode:

1) Make sure the Fibaro Smoke Sensor's power is disconnected and/or the battery

is removed prior to auto inclusion and located within the direct range of Z-Wave

1) Automatically, using the auto inclusion function (available in constant current

2) Manually - using the B-button (option available in both powering modes -

3) Connect the power to the sensor to include it into the 7-Wave network

4) Fibaro Smoke Sensor will be detected and included into the Z-Wave network

recommended to observe ladders, lifts and other obstacles



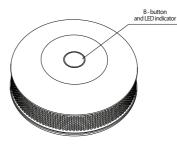
Installing Fibaro Smoke Sensor

- 1) Include the device into the Z-Wave network (see p.I). Note the inclusion process may be performed ONLY in direct range of the main controller. 2) If the sensor is hard wired to power source, drill holes in sensor's cover. Note the
- sensor may be connected to a wired alarm system controller or fire preventior system
- Install the sensor's cover in desired location.
- 4) If the sensor is to be VDC powered, connect wires observing diagram # 3. If the sensor is to be connected to an alarm system or fire prevention system, connect
- it observing the diagram # 4. 5) Screw the Fibaro Smoke Sensor into the cover
- 6) If the sensor is already included in the Z-Wave network, wake it up by triple
- clicking the B-button. 7) Test Fibaro Smoke Sensor's operation by using a dedicated optical smoke
- sensor diagnostic tool 8) Test the Z-Wave network assuring the device is within range

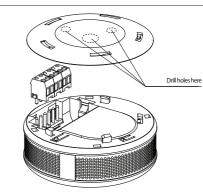
#### DIAGRAMS DESCRIPTION:

+12V - constant power supply terminal, 12/24VDC -GND - ground terminal SMOKE NC - potential free, smoke sensor connecting terminals

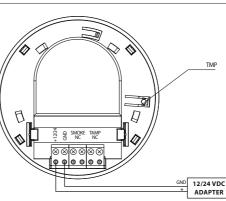
(for wired systems) TAMP NC - potential free, tamper connecting terminals (for wired systems).



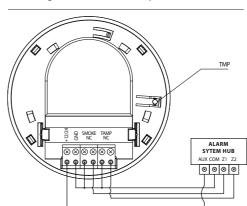
#### Fig. 1 - Fibaro Smoke Sensor top view.



#### Fig. 2 - Constant current or alarm system hub connecting terminals installation.



#### Diagram 1 - DC Power adapter connection.



#### Diagram 2 - Alarm system hub connection.

#### **VII. MALFUNCTION DETECTION**

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor can automatically detect a malfunction. As described in section V, the Fibaro Smoke Sensor performs a self test every 5 seconds. If a malfunction is detected (e.g. damaged smoke chamber) an intermittent sound alarm will start. LED diode will blink red and alarm will be sent to the Z-Wave network controller and associated devices

Once a malfunction has been detected, it's recommended to:

· check the power source (replace battery or check VDC adapter's voltage), · check whether the Smoke Sensor is exposed to direct light.

If a malfunction is continually reported, it's recommended to replace a the Fibaro Smoke Sensor with new one.

Self test may be triggered manually

1) Make sure the device is being powered

 Press and hold the B-button untill the LED glows white and short alarm sounds. 3) Keep holding the B-button for an additional 3 seconds from the first beep to check the smoke chamber operation.

LED indicator colour changing to green and beep mean the positive result. If the LED indicator changes its colour to red, the sensor is malfunctioning

NOTE When the self test is triggered manually, the Fibaro Smoke Sensor sends the command frame to the Z-Wave network controller and to the 1st Association group devices. After 3 seconds from releasing the B-button, the alarm cancelling command frame will be sent and the procedure will be finished

NOTE Any service or repair must be carried out by the manufacturer

#### VIII. DETECTING OUT OF Z-WAVE RANGE

When included in the 7-Wave network Fibaro Smoke Sensor tests the network communication. The Z-Wave network communication test is performed in both hard wired and battery powering modes during every temperature report. By default, once the ambient temperature changes by 2°C, according to parameters 10 and 12 settings. In addition, in battery mode, the Z-Wave network communication test is performed by poling the device. In hard wired mode, the Z-Wave network communication test is performed in time intervals defined by parameter 80 settings. Lack of the Z-Wave network communication is signaled by an intermittent alarm sound and LED blinking pink.

Once a Fibaro Smoke Sensor has reported no Z-Wave network communication, it's recommended to wake up the device by triple clicking the B-button. If it doesn't stop the alarm Z-Wave networks operation and the main controllers operation need to be verified The Fibaro Smoke Sensor will cancel the Z-Wave network communication alarm once it communicates with the network after manual or automatic wake up



#### IX. SENSOR'S SENSITIVITY LEVEL CONFIGURATION

There are 3 sensitivity levels of the optical smoke detector used in Fibaro Smoke Sensor. By default, the detector is set to the middle sensitivity level. Sensitivity level depends on the parameter 82 settings.



#### X. RESETTING THE FIBARO SMOKE SENSOR

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor reset erases the EPROM memory, including all information on the Z-Wave network and the main controller

Fibaro Smoke Sensor reset procedure:

1) Make sure the device has the power connected 2) Press and hold the B-button for 3 seconds. LED will glow white 3) Short signal will sound. 4) Release the B-button. 5) Wait until the LED glows yellow, signaling entering the 4th menu level. 6) Press the B-button briefly to confirm menu level choice.

Successful reset will be confirmed with the LED changing colour to red and fading. At the same time, short beep will sound, same as at the power connection.

> NOTE Device reset will not remove it from the Z-Wave network main controller's memory. Before resetting the device, it must be excluded from the 7-Wave network

#### XI. OPERATING THROUGH THE Z-WAVE NETWORK

Fibaro Smoke Sensor has a built in smoke detector and a temperature sensor, which makes it a multi channel device. In the Home Center 2 menu it will be presented as two devices, depending on the main controller software version\*

presence is required for the device to react. Fibaro Smoke Sensor performs a self test every 5 seconds (see section VII) and checks for smoke presence. When smoke is detected, the sensor checks 3 more times, at 1 second interval to see, whether the smoke is actually present. Once the smoke presence is confirmed Fibaro Smoke Sensor triggers an alarm. Smoke alarm is signaled by sending an appropriate alarm frame to devices and the Z-Wave controller, opening NC contact, and also by a constant sound signal and LED diode blinking red. Once the smoke alarm has ceased, the sensor checks 3 times, at 1 second interval, whether the smoke has actually disappeared before

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smoke presence every 5 seconds. In addition, the device checks for damage and tests the Z-Wave network communication at each wake up interval (see section VIII).

one after a fire occurance.

Apart from detecting smoke presence, Fibaro Smoke Sensor can detect fire by recording a rapid temperature rise. Temperature alarm threshold is user defined (parameter 81). Temperature alarm is signaled by the blinking red LED signaling diode and an intermittent sound signal

NOTE

Parameter 81 value is set to 54°C by default. Any modification of this parameter may cause the Fibaro Smoke Sensor not to work within the valid safety regulations of your country.

getting back to normal operation, i.e. performing a self test each 5 seconds and checking for presence of smoke.

As described in section V, the Fibaro Smoke Sensor checks for

NOTE Fibaro Smoke Sensor is a multiple use device, however, for greater safety, it's recommended to replace the device with a new

VI. DETECTING FIRE THROUGH TEMPERATURE ALARM



Fig. 3 Smoke Sensor icon in Home Center 2\*

#### XII. ASSOCIATIONS

Through an association Fibaro Smoke Sensor may control another Z-Wave network device, e.g. a Dimmer, Relay Switch, Roller Shutter, RGBW Controller, Wall Plug, or a scene (scene only through the Home Center 2 main controller)

Fig. 4 Smoke Sensor icon

in Home Center 2

indicating the smoke alarm

and a tamper alarm



Association allows for direct communication between Z-Wave network devices. Main controller does not take part in such communication. Using this mechanism, Fibaro Smoke Sensor may communicate with other devices even when the main controller is damaged, e.g. in a fire.

#### Fibaro Smoke Sensor allows for the associations of three groups.

1-st Association Group is assigned to the device status - sending the BASIC SET (default) or ALARM control frame to the associated devices having detected fire. The type of alarm frame sent may be modified in advanced configuration parameters (see section XVII).

2-nd Association Group is assigned to the TMP button and the malfunction alarm. Alarm frame will be sent to the associated devices once tampering or malfunction are detected.

3-rd Association Group reports the device status and allows for assigning a single device only (the main controller by default - the device reports its status to the main controller). It's not recommended to modify this association group.

Fibaro Smoke Sensor allows for controlling 5 regular and 5 multichannel devices per an association group, out of which 1 field is reserved for the Z-Wave network main controller.

To add an association (using Home Center 2 interface) go to device settings and click the following icon:

Select the "device options" tab. Then specify to which group and what devices are to be associated. Sending relevant information to devices that have been added to association group may take up to a few hours depending on the previous configuration parameters' settings.

#### XIII. LED VISUAL INDICATORS AND SETTINGS

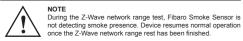
The Fibaro Smoke Sensor is equipped with a LED diode for indicating, signaling sensor's operating modes and alarms. In addition the LED indicator may inform of the Z-Wave network range and the current temperature.

LED indicator modes:

1) Fire alarm is signaled by blinking in red.
 2) Tamper alarm is signaled with a short blink in red.
 3) Malfunction alarm is signaled by blinking in red.
 4) Z-Wave network range alarm is signaled by blinking in pink.
 5) Low battery alarm is signaled by blinking in yellow.
 6) MENU levels are signaled with glowing in certain colour.

To enter MENU, press and hold the B-button for 3 seconds. Once the LED glows white, release the B-button. LED will then start changing colours in sequence. Each colour means different MENU level. Press the B-button briefly to confirm choice. Transitions between the MENU levels will be signaled with a short been as well.

LED colours will change in the following sequence: WHITE - entering MENU + self test GREEN - refresh alarm state for the associated devices PINK - Z-Wave communication test. YELLOW - sensor reset.



# XIV. CANCEL ALARM FOR ASSOCIATED DEVICES

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor automatically cancels smoke alarms sent to the Z-Wave network controller and the associated devices. It's possible to delay or deactivate the alarm cancellation by modifying parameter 1 settings. In such a case, once an alarm is detected, it will be constantly reported unless manually cancelled by choosing green MENU level.



### XV. Z-WAVE RANGE TEST

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor has a built in Z-Wave network main controller's range tester. Follow the below instructions to test the main controller's range: 1) Make sure the sensor is powered.

2) Press and hold the B-button for 3 seconds. LED will glow white.



test

Release the B-button.
 Wait untill the LED glows pink, and then press the B-button briefly to start the

6) LED will indicate the Z-Wave network's range (range signaling modes described below). 7) To exit Z-Wave range test, press the B-button brefly.

#### Z-Wave range tester signaling modes:

LED indicator pulsing green - Fibaro Smoke Sensor attempts to extablish a direct communication with the main controller. If a direct communication attempt fails, sensor will try to establish a routed communication, through other modules, which will be signaled by LED indicator pulsing vellow.

LED indicator glowing green - Fibaro Smoke Sensor communicates with the main controller directly.

LED indicator pulsing yellow - Fibaro Smoke Sensor tries to establish a routed communication with the main controller through other modules.

LED indicator glowing yellow - Fibaro Smoke Sensor communicates with the main controller through the other modules. After 2 seconds the sensor will retry to establish a direct communication with the main controller, which will be signaled with LED blinking in green.

With LED binking in green.
LED indicator pulsing violet - Fibaro Smoke Sensor communicates at the range limit. If connection proves successful it will be confirmed with a yellow glow. It's not

recommended to use the sensor at the range limit. LED indicator glowing red - Fibaro Smoke Sensor is not able to connect to the main controller directly or through another Z-Wave network nodes.

- NOTE During the Z-Wave network range test and during the software update as well, Fibaro Smoke Sensor does not detect smoke

presence. Once the Z-Wave network range test and software update is completed, the device resumes normal operation.

## XVI. BLACK BOX

The Fibaro Smoke Sensor has a built in memory for recording smoke and temperature information. Having recorded even the smallest amount of smoke, the sensor records the smoke level measured, time and temperature measured at that precise moment. This information is sent to the Z-Wave network main controller every 60 seconds. Home Center 2 allows for monitoring Black Box recordings (see below figure). The Fibaro Smoke Sensor stops sending the Black Box records once the smoke disappears, but a user can always access earlier reports through the Z-Wave main controller. Black Box sensitivity may be modified through the parameter 83 settings.



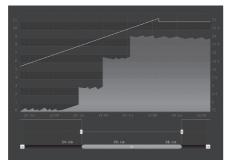
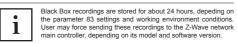


Fig. 5 Fibaro Smoke Sensor black box chart.



#### XVII. ADVANCED CONFIGURATION

WAKE UP INTERVAL: (3 bytes) Available settings: 300 - 86399 (5min - 24h) Default setting: 14400 (each 4h)

When the Smoke Sensor is in battery power mode you can set up the wake up time based in seconds. At each wake up, a the Smoke Sensor communicates with the main controller, updates parameters settings and the software if necessary. The Smoke Sensor will wake up at defined time interval and will ALWAYS try to communicate with the main controller. After each failed communication attempt, the sensor will retry to establish connection with the main controller after 60 seconds. After 3 failed attempts, the lack of the Z-Wave range alarm will be triggered. The parameter is relevant for the battery powering mode only. Longer time interval means less frequent communication and thus a longer battery life. The Z-Wave range alarm will be cancelled automatically, after first successful connection.



 Smoke alarm cancellation delay The time between when the smoke disappears and the Fibaro Smoke Sensor stops sending the alarm signal. Available settings: 0 – 17280, 65535 (5s multiplier) [5s-24h] 0 - no delay, immediate cancellation 65535 - alarm cancellation inactive - Smoke Sensor will keep indicating smoke alarm after the smoke will have disappeared. The smoke alarm can be only ceased manually, by entering 2nd menu level (see section XIII). Default setting: 0

Parameter size: 2 [bytes]

# 

Parameter settings do not influence the visual and acoustic alarms, which are turned off once the smoke has disappeared.

2. LED indicator and acoustic alarm turned ON / OFF at any alarm type. Allows for deactivating the LED indicator and the acoustic alarm, in case of detecting an alarm of any type. This doesn't affect the communication with the Z-Wave network controller, i.e. the sensor will keep sending alarms, reports and all information to the associated devices. Modifying this parameter settings helps extending the battery life. Available settings: 0-3

- 0 acoustic and visual alarms inactive 1 – acoustic alarm inactive, visual alarm active
- acoustic alarm inactive, visual alarm active
   acoustic alarm active, visual alarm inactive
- 3 acoustic and visual alarms active Default setting: 3

Parameter size: 1 [byte]

NOTE Deactivating the acoustic and visual alarms may result in insufficient reporting of the smoke alarm. It's not recommended to modify this parameter settings.

5. Type of alarm frame sent to 1-st Association Group devices (smoke alarm). Allows for choosing a command class used in 1-st Association Group. Available settings: 0, 255 0 - ALARM SENSOR (SMOKE) command frame, 255 - BASIC\_SET command frame. Default setting: 255 Paramter size: 1 [byte]

 Forced level of dimming / opening dimmers, roller blinds etc. devices at sending turn on / open / change level commands to 1-st Association Group's devices.

The value of 255 allows for turning on a device. In case of Dimmer, the value of 255 means turning on the device with the last memorized state. E.g. Dimmer set to 30% and then turned off, and next turned on using the 255 command, will turn on with the last remembered status, i.e. 30%. In case of alarm frames, alarm priority is defined. Available settings: (1 - 99) or 255 Default setting: 255 Parameter size: 1 [byte]

NOTE 2-nd association group alarms cannot be cancelled.

#### 10. Temperature report interval.

Time interval between consecutive temperature reports. The parameter is relevant for the battery powering mode only. Longer time interval means less frequent communication and thus a longer battery life. Report is sent when new temperatue value is different from the one previously reported. Temperature reports can be also sent as a result of polling. Available settings: 1 – 17280, 0 (multiply by 5 seconds) [5s-24h] 0 – reports inactive Default setting: 0 (Reports inactive) Parameter size: 2 [bytes]

#### 12. Temperature report hysteresis

The temperature report will only be sent if there is a difference in temperature value from the previous value reported, defined in this parameter (hysteresis). Temperature reports can be also sent as a result of polling. Available settings: **0** – **100** (in 0,1°C steps) **0** – temperature change reporting inactive Default setting: **20** (2°C) Parameter size: **1** [byte]

#### ∧ NOTE

The parameter is relevant for the battery powering mode only. Longer time interval means less frequent communication and thus a longer battery life.

13. Alarm broadcast.

A value other than 0 means that alarms are being sent in broadcast mode, i.e. to all devices within a Fibaro Smoke Sensor's range. Available settings: 0 - 3 0 - broadcast inactive 1 - smoke alarm broadcast (1-st Association Group) active; tamper alarm broadcast (2-nd Association Group) inactive 2 - smoke alarm broadcast (1-st Association Group) inactive; tamper alarm broadcast (2-nd Association Group) active 3 - smoke alarm broadcast active (1-st association group); tamper alarm broadcast (2-nd Association Group) active 3 - smoke alarm broadcast active (1-st association group); tamper alarm broadcast (2-nd association group) active. Default setting: 0 Parameter size: 1 [byte] 73. Temperature measurement compensation.

Parameter stores a temperature value to be added to or deducted from the current temperature measured by internal temperature sensor in order to compensate the difference between air temperature and temperature measured at the ceiling level. Available settings: -1000 -/+ 1000 (in 0,1°C steps) Default setting: 0 (0°C) Parameter size: 2 [byte]

#### 80. Z-Wave range test interval.

Time period between the consecutive Z-Wave network range tests. In battery powering mode, Z-Wave network range test is carried out at the wake up interval. The value of 0 turns off the Z-Wave range test, regardless of the powering mode chosen. Available settings: 0 – 144 (10min multiplier) [10min-24h] 0 – Z-Wave network range test inactive Default setting: 1 (10min) Parameter size: 1 [byte]

81. Temperature alarm threshold.
Temperature value, measured by the built-in temperature sensor, above which the temperature alarm is sent.
Available settings: 0,2 - 100
0 – temperature alarm inactive
2 - 100 - (2 - 100°C)
Default setting: 54 (54°C)

Parameter size: 1 [byte]

Any change in this parameter's settings may cause a Fibaro Smoke Sensor to operate contrary to valid safety regulations of your country. 2. The Manufacturer is responsible for equipment malfunction resulting from physical

defects (manufacturing or material) of the Device for 12 months from the date of its

3. During the Guarantee period, the Manufacturer shall remove any defects, free of

charge, by repairing or replacing (at the sole discretion of the Manufacturer) any

defective components of the Device with new or regenerated components, that are free of defects. When the repair impossible, the Manufacturer reserves the right to replace the

device with a new or regenerated one, which shall be free of any defects and its condition

4. In special cases, when the device cannot be replaced with the device of the same type

(e.g. the device is no longer available in the commercial offer), the Manufacturer may

replace it with a different device having technical parameters similar to the faulty one.

Such activity shall be considered as fulfilling the obligations of the Manufacturer. The

5. The holder of a valid guarantee shall submit a guarantee claim through the guarantee

service. Remember: before you submit a guarantee claim, contact our technical support

using telephone or e-mail. More than 50% of operational problems is resolved remotely.

saving time and money spent to initiating guarantee procedure. If remote support is

www.fibargroup.com) in order to obtain claim authorization. When the guarantee claim

form is submitted correctly the Customer shall receive the claim confirmation with an

6. The claim may be also submitted by telephone. In this case, the call is recorded and

the Customer shall be informed about it by a consultant before submitting the claim.

Immediately after submitting the claim, the consultant shall provide the Customer with

7. When the guarantee claim form is submitted correctly, a representative of the

8. Defects revealed within the guarantee period shall be removed not later than 30 days

from the date of delivering the Device to AGS. The guarantee period shall be extended

9. The faulty device shall be provided by the Customer with complete standard

10. Parts replaced under the guarantee are the property of the Manufacturer. The

guarantee for all parts replaced in the guarantee process shall be equal to the guarantee

period of the original device. The guarantee period of the replaced part shall not be

11 Costs of delivering the faulty device shall be borne by the Customer. For unjustified

service calls, the Service may charge the Customer with travel expenses and handling

13. The Manufacturer shall not be liable for damages to property caused by defective

device. The Manufacturer shall not be liable for indirect, incidental, special, consequen-

tial or punitive damages, or for any damages, including, inter alia, loss of profits, savings,

data. loss of benefits, claims by third parties and any property damage or personal

• mechanical damages (cracks, fractures, cuts, abrasions, physical deformations caused

by impact, falling or dropping the device or other object, improper use or not observing

· damages resulting from external causes, e.g.; flood, storm, fire, lightning, natural

disasters, earthquakes, war, civil disturbance, force majeure, unforeseen accidents,

theft, water damage, liquid leakage, battery spill, weather conditions, sunlight, sand,

· damages caused by malfunctioning software, attack of a computer virus, or by failure to

· damages resulting from: surges in the power and/or telecommunication network,

improper connection to the grid in a manner inconsistent with the operating manual, or

· damages caused by operating or storing the device in extremely adverse conditions, i.e.

high humidity, dust, too low (freezing) or too high ambient temperature. Detailed

· damages caused by faulty electrical installation of the Customer, including the use of

· damages caused by Customer's failure to provide maintenance and servicing activities

· damages resulting from the use of spurious spare parts or accessories improper for

15. The scope of the guarantee repairs shall not include periodic maintenance and

inspections, in particular cleaning, adjustments, operational checks, correction of errors

or parameter programming and other activities that should be performed by the user

(Buyer). The guarantee shall not cover natural wear and tear of the Device and its

components listed in the operating manual and in technical documentation as such

16. If a defect is not covered by the guarantee, the Manufacturer reserves the right to

remove such defect at its sole discretion, repairing the damaged or destroyed parts or

17. This guarantee shall not exclude, limit or suspend the Customer rights when the

In case of any technical questions contact customer service centre in your country.

This Device may be used with all devices certified with Z-Wave

certificate and should be compatible with such devices produced

Any device compatible with Z-Wave may be added to Fibaro system

permissible conditions for operating the Device are defined in the operating manual:

damages caused by using accessories not recommended by the Manufacturer

given model, repairing and introducing alterations by unauthorized persons;

. the Device was provided by the Customer incomplete, without accessories or

it was determined that the fault was caused by other reasons than a material or

the guarantee document is not valid or there is no proof of purchase.

Authorised Guarantee Service (hereinafter as "AGS") shall contact the Customer.

guarantee claim form (using our website

shall not be worse than the original device owned by the Customer.

Manufacturer shall not refund money paid for the device.

unique number (Return Merchandise Authorization -RMA).

by the time in which the Device was kept by AGS.

equipment and documents proving its purchase.

12. AGS shall not accept a complaint claim only when:

injuries arising from or related to the use of the Device.

moisture, high or low temperature, air pollution;

update the software as recommended by the Manufacturer;

· defects caused by operating faulty Device or accessories.

providing components necessary for repair or replacement

by other manufacturers.

provided product is inconsistent with the purchase agreement.

from connecting other devices not recommended by the Manufacturer

. the Device was misused or the manual was not observed,

insufficient, the Customer shall fill the

the claim number (RMA-number)

extended

nameplate,

costs related to the case.

manufacturing defect of the Device

14. The guarantee shall not cover:

the operating manual);

incorrect fuses:

1

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defined in the operating manual:

elements have a defined operational life.

purchasing.

#### 82. Fibaro Smoke Sensor sensitivity

There are 3 levels of sensitivity to smoke presence. Level 1 means the highest sensitivity.





#### Available settings: 1 - 3

1 - HIGH Sensitivity 2 - MEDIUM Sensitivity

3 - LOW Sensitivity

Default setting: 2 Parameter size: 1 [byte]

#### 83. Black Box sensitivity level.

This parameter allows for specifying the moment in which the Black Box starts recording data. After the specified smoke and temperature values will be exceeded, the Fibaro Smoke Sensor's Black Box will record them. Available settings: 1 - 3 4 - LHCH Sensitivity

2 - MEDIUM Sensitivity

3 - LOW Sensitivity Default setting: 2

Parameter size: 1 [byte]

#### 84. Malfunction alarm

Time interval in which malfuntion alarm, if detected, is repeated using visual and acoustic alarms. Available settings: 1 - 255 (100 ms multiplier) [100ms-25,5s]

Default setting: 10 (1s) Parameter size: 1 [byte]

85. Temperature alarm

Time interval in which temperature alarm, if detected, is repeated using visual and acoustic alarms. Available settings: 1 - 255 (100 ms multiplier) [100ms-25,5s]

Default setting: 5 (500ms) Parameter size: 1 [byte]

86. Lack of the Z-Wave range alarm Time interval in which lack of the Z-Wave network alarm, if detected, is repeated using visual and acoustic alarms. Available settings: 1 - 17280 (5s multiplier) [5s-24h] Default setting: 360 (30min)

Parameter size: 2 [bytes] 87. Low battery alarm

Default setting: 360 (30min)

sending temperature report.

0 - ignore temperature compensation

1 - include temperature compensation

NOTE

vour country.

1 - tamper alarm active, with cancellation option available

Fibaro Smoke Sensor is a battery-powered device. Using batteries other than

specified may result in explosion. Dispose of properly, observing environmental

1 The Guarantee is provided by EIBAR GROUP Sp. z o.o. (bereinafte

"Manufacturer"), based in Poznan, ul. Lotnicza 1: 60-421 Poznan, entered in the

register of the National Court Register kept by the District Court in Poznań, VIII

Economic Department of the National Court Register, no. 370151

2 - tamper alarm active, without cancellation option

XVIII. BATTERY USE WARNING

Parameter size: 2 [bytes]

Available settings: 0 - 1

Parameter size: 1 [byte]

Default setting: 0

89. Tamper alarm

default setting: 1

protection rules

XIX. GUARANTEE

NIP 7811858097, REGON: 301595664

Available settings: 0, 1, 2 0 – tamper alarm inactive

parameter size: 1 [byte]

Time interval in which low battery alarm, if detected, is repeated using visual and acoustic alarms. Available settings: 1 - 17280 (5s multiplier) [5s-24h]

88. Consider temperature measurement compensation (parameter 73) when

Any change in this parameter's settings may cause a Fibaro

Smoke Sensor to operate contrary to valid safety regulations of